

150 من الاصل

The Global Newspaper Edited and Published in Paris Printed simultaneously in Paris, London, Zurich, Hong Kong, Singapore, The Hague, Marseille, New York, Rome, Tokyo, Frankfurt.

INTERNATIONAL Herald Tribune



Albany 115 22 00 Geneva 360 00 Rome 1 000 00 Andover 11 20 00 Houston 1 000 00 San Francisco 1 000 00 Atlanta 11 20 00 Indianapolis 1 000 00 Seoul 1 000 00 Baltimore 11 20 00 Jackson 1 000 00 Taipei 1 000 00 Boston 11 20 00 Jacksonville 1 000 00 Tel Aviv 1 000 00 Chicago 11 20 00 Kansas City 1 000 00 Tokyo 1 000 00 Cincinnati 11 20 00 Little Rock 1 000 00 Vancouver 1 000 00 Dallas 11 20 00 Louisville 1 000 00 Wellington 1 000 00 Denver 11 20 00 Memphis 1 000 00 Perth 1 000 00 Detroit 11 20 00 Miami 1 000 00 Santiago 1 000 00 Fort Worth 11 20 00 Milwaukee 1 000 00 Sydney 1 000 00 Hartford 11 20 00 New Orleans 1 000 00 Wellington 1 000 00 Phoenix 11 20 00 Portland 1 000 00 Wellington 1 000 00 Richmond 11 20 00 Sacramento 1 000 00 Wellington 1 000 00 San Diego 11 20 00 Salt Lake City 1 000 00 Wellington 1 000 00 Springfield 11 20 00 San Jose 1 000 00 Wellington 1 000 00 Tampa 11 20 00 San Juan 1 000 00 Wellington 1 000 00 Washington 11 20 00 Savannah 1 000 00 Wellington 1 000 00 Wichita 11 20 00 Seattle 1 000 00 Wellington 1 000 00 York 11 20 00 Honolulu 1 000 00 Wellington 1 000 00

No. 34,412 42/98 LONDON, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 19, 1993 ESTABLISHED 1887

For Nigerian Hostage, 'Every Day Was Night' Held for 5 Weeks by Somali Guerrillas, Soldier Says He Never Gave Up Hope

By Keith B. Richburg Washington Post Service MOGADISHU, Somalia — For two weeks, of his captivity, he was kept chained, naked, in a dark room, forced to eat and sleep in his own excrement.



Umar Shantali of Nigeria telling of his five-week ordeal on Monday in Mogadishu.

"I knew the United Nations was aware of me," he said Monday at the Swedish Army field hospital where he is recovering from his ankle injury. "I'm a soldier of the United Nations."

American attention became riveted on the guerrilla war in Mogadishu on Oct. 3 and 4, when two U.S. Army helicopters were shot down in a battle with General Mohammed Farrah Aidid's forces and a U.S. pilot, Chief Warrant Officer Michael Durant, was captured. A videotape of Mr. Durant, clearly frightened while answering questions from an unseen interrogator, was broadcast on international television.



A wounded Georgian soldier being helped to an airplane at Kutaisi, Georgia's second-largest city, which is threatened by rebels.

Shevardnadze Seeks Help From Russia

By Lee Hockstader Washington Post Service BATUMI, Georgia — Eduard A. Shevardnadze, the Georgian leader, urgently appealed for Russian military help Monday as his position grew ever more desperate with the fall of a key town Sunday to forces loyal to the overthrown president, Zviad K. Gamsakhurdia.

Mr. Shevardnadze, now facing a full-scale civil war, issued the appeal to Russia a day after Mr. Gamsakhurdia's forces captured Samtredia, a western Georgian town with a rail junction linking the country's Black Sea ports with the capital of Tbilisi.

population of 5.4 million people. Now, his predicament appears to be coming true. Mr. Gamsakhurdia's forces, which already control perhaps a third of the country, are still moving eastward and are now reported to be within about 25 kilometers of Georgia's second-largest city, Kutaisi.

Mr. Shevardnadze warned that its fall could lead in short order to the dismemberment of Georgia, a former Soviet republic with a military position and a further indication that his political future, and Georgia's, are firmly in Moscow's hands.

Clan Leader's Militiamen Talk Of a Victory 'From the Heart'

MOGADISHU, Somalia — Hussein Warsame Ali appears to be an unlikely warrior against the world's only superpower. He has no military training, he never fought in Somalia's long civil war and his only weapon against U.S. helicopter gunships and United Nations armor is an AK-47 assault rifle he kept buried under his home.

ton said, the game has ended. But if they try to trick us, we will fight again." Mr. Ali's story of fighting Americans in a neighborhood of dusty roads and tea stalls a few blocks from the UN headquarters in many ways illustrates the pitfalls that U.S. forces faced against an enemy that they vastly underestimated and never understood.

For Turkey and Kurds, 'Total Warfare'

DIYARBAKIR, Turkey — One year after Turkish generals said they had broken the spine of a Kurdish separatist insurgency in these wild and remote uplands, the war has become more violent and more intractable than ever.

oning Kurdish rights or outright terrorism. Death tolls, battles and guerrilla attacks in the remote southeastern region are difficult to verify, particularly because of glaring discrepancies in the reports of the combatants.

Nonetheless, the accounts of Turkish government officials, Kurdish nationalists and diplomats in Ankara suggest that the antagonists are locked in an accelerating spiral of violence. The ferocity of the attacks has left the United States and other Western allies of Turkey wondering whether the war can ever be ended without political concessions and a major shift from what the Turkish government calls "total warfare."



COOLING OFF IN SARAJEVO — A young Bosnian couple passing during a water transport run Monday as the shelling halted.

Lesser Convictions in L.A. Riots

LOS ANGELES (AP) — Two black men were acquitted Monday of most of the felony charges in the beating of a white trucker and other motorists at the start of the 1992 riots, easing fears of renewed racial tensions. The defendants were convicted of lesser counts.

A robbery charge. The judge then asked the jury to deliberate the final two counts. Accepting the defense argument that Mr. Williams, 20, and his co-defendant, Henry Watson, 29, were caught up in mob violence, the jurors acquitted them of most charges that required specific intent.

Holy Cow! The Immigrants Are Spilling Into Ranchers' America

GARDEN CITY, Kansas — Its milky white sky sits squat on the plains, a horizon unbroken but for grain elevators and water towers. At a feed yard off Old Highway 83, cowboys gallop into the noonday sun, fringed chaps slapping their thighs. Blond girls practice cheerleading jumps on square lawns adorned by pumpkins. Near a central intersection, a large sign says simply: Have a Nice Day.

At nightfall, while locals head to the Grain Bin for Texas two-step dancing, Mexican immigrants crowd into Saigon, a Vietnamese-run karaoke bar, and Southeast Asians pack the Pho Hoa One Restaurant.

cannot tell if their young, tentative ethnic communities are a temporary challenge or a historic transformation. In the last 13 years, after the biggest beef-packing plant in the world opened here, Garden City's population has grown by 42 percent to about 25,500. Most of the newcomers — with grueling jobs as bleeders, tail rippers, flankers, head droppers, gutters and horn sawers — are Hispanic and Southeast Asian immigrants and refugees.

U.S. Warns the Serbs Of NATO Air Strikes

WASHINGTON (Reuters) — Secretary of State Warren M. Christopher warned President Slobodan Milosevic of Serbia again Monday of possible NATO air strikes to halt any Serbian effort to strangle Sarajevo, the State Department said.

Market data table including Dow Jones, Trib Index, The Dollar, and General News.

White House Acts to Block Dole Move Over Haiti

Christopher Calls Plan By Senator 'Offensive' To the U.S. Constitution

WASHINGTON — A confrontation over presidential powers loomed on Monday as the White House sharply criticized a Republican plan to limit President Bill Clinton's authority to send troops to Haiti.

The White House opened urgent talks with congressional leaders to head off the proposed amendment to a military funding bill, and reiterated its intention to help restore democracy in Haiti and end "repression" there.

end in discussions with White House aides over a plan announced by Bob Dole of Kansas, the Senate Republican leader, to curtail presidential authority.

Mr. Dole announced, expected to be offered Tuesday, would place key conditions on the president's power to send troops to Haiti without congressional approval, conditions Mr. Dole does not believe Mr. Clinton can meet.

Mr. Dole denied that his intent was either partisan or isolationist. He acknowledges that it could have implications for future U.S. military options in Somalia and Bosnia, and Mr. Christopher clearly was concerned Monday about any erosion of what he called "the president's power to act swiftly and promptly to protect the United States' interests abroad."

There was no indication Monday that the army chief, General Raoul Cédras, would step down. Meanwhile, President François Mitterrand of France announced that a French frigate would join the naval force off Haiti. Argentina was also expected to send a warship. Mr. Clinton on Monday ordered U.S. ships to move closer to Haiti so they would be in plain view. He also signed executive orders freezing the

9 in EC Agree: Border Controls Will End Feb. 1

PARIS — Ministers from nine European Community countries agreed Monday to complete the removal of border controls between them by Feb. 1 next year, French officials said.

See HEARTLAND, Page 4

Clinton to Uncork Greenhouse Plan

Reliance on Voluntary Efforts To Cut Back on Gas Emission

By Gary Lee
Washington Post Service

WASHINGTON — The Clinton administration is set to release a blueprint for reducing greenhouse gases that relies on wide voluntary participation by private industries, including many that have voiced skepticism about the dangers of the "greenhouse effect."

The plan, to be announced by the White House on Tuesday, singles out such major sources of emission of gases as carbon dioxide — from automobiles to landfills — and proposes ways for gradually cutting back on their outflow so that by the turn of the century the level of greenhouse gas emissions in the United States will be at levels that prevailed in 1990.

In Canada, A Liberal Plurality Expected

By Charles Trueheart
Washington Post Service

TORONTO — Prime Minister Kim Campbell's chances of winning Canada's federal election next Monday appear to have collapsed, leaving the Liberal leader, Jean Chrétien, to become Canada's next head of government.

Polls now predict a plurality of seats in the House of Commons for the Liberal Party, which has been out of power since 1984. Mr. Chrétien, a small-town Quebecer and lifetime politician, served in all the Liberal cabinets of Prime Minister Pierre Elliott Trudeau from the late 1960s into the early '80s.

Mrs. Campbell was the front-runner when she took office four months ago after then-Prime Minister Brian Mulroney stepped down, but now her ruling Progressive Conservative Party appears to be heading toward defeat. According to polls, the conservatives conceivably could sink to third- or even fourth-party status in the House of Commons.



MERRY TERRORIST — Ingrid Jakobsmeier, 39, a terrorist with the Red Army Faction, putting on a cheerful front in Stuttgart before being given 15 years in prison for a 1981 bombing.

East Germans Study Fascism For Rapt Ninth-Graders, a New Look at an Old Tragedy

By Rick Atkinson
Washington Post Service

DRESDEN, Germany — It's only 7:30 A.M. but every student in Classroom 25 at Zschernitz High School is awake and attentive. Today's history topic: the origins of the Third Reich.

Teachers in many cases are learning for the first time about such basic concepts as the development of democracy in ancient Greece, medieval England and revolutionary America.

Beyond correcting the record and teaching democratic values, federal authorities in Bonn and local officials in state capitals such as Dresden also hope to educate German children in a way that diminishes the appeal of the rightist radicalism now on the rise.

Students are asked how they would react if their neighbors were burned out or hauled away. A new computer game called "The Dictator," sent to German schools this fall, teaches the history of Nazi tyranny while challenging players to become active in the democratic resistance.

Mr. Salkin, who worked at MGM, Universal and Disney, among other studios, was an animator on the Disney film "Lady and the Tramp" and the director and animator of Mel Brooks' and Carl Reiner's film "The Two Thousand-Year-Old Man."

Harriet L. Hardy, 87, a pioneer in occupational medicine and the first woman to become a full professor at Harvard Medical School, died Wednesday of lymphoma in Boston.

Dr. Hardy set out to become a country doctor but developed an early interest in toxicology and environmentally related illness.

WORLD BRIEFS

Peasants' Party Chief to Lead Poland

WARSAW (AP) — President Lech Walesa on Monday formally appointed Waldemar Pawlak, backed by a two-party coalition with Communist roots, as prime minister of Poland.

Mr. Pawlak, 34, is the choice of the ex-Communist Democratic Left and his Polish Peasants' Party, once a part of the old regime, which formed a majority coalition after winning the Sept. 19 parliamentary elections.

Indians Prepare for Siege in Srinagar

SRINAGAR, India (AP) — The Indian Army dug in Monday for a long siege of separatists barricaded in Kashmir's most revered Muslim shrine.

Security forces fired tear gas and live ammunition to break up demonstrations outside the Hazratbal mosque. At neighboring Kashmir University, three people were injured by gunfire when police broke up a protest, witnesses said. The clashes were the first in the three-day siege of the Muslim site.

U.S. Envoy Begins Visit to Mideast

CAIRO (Reuters) — The U.S. coordinator for Middle East peace talks said Monday that Washington had not yet decided on a date for the next round of Arab-Israeli negotiations.

Asked in Cairo about Israel's announcement of a postponement, Dennis Ross said at the start of a regional tour: "We haven't made any such decision. One of the purposes of the trip is to assess when the next round might take place. We only just got out here."

In Coma, Fellini in Critical Condition

ROME (Reuters) — Federico Fellini, 73, the Italian film director, was in a coma in a hospital here on Monday after suffering heart and respiratory failure.

The five-time Oscar winner and director of classics such as "La Dolce Vita" fell ill late Sunday. Mr. Fellini had a stroke in August. "His condition is grave," said Mr. Fellini's personal physician, Gianfranco Turchetti. "He is still unconscious."

Spain's Conservatives Win in Galicia

MADRID (Reuters) — The conservative Popular Party, in opposition in Madrid's central government, swept back into power in the region of Galicia after capturing more than half the votes in Sunday's regional elections.

The Socialists, in power under Prime Minister Felipe González in Madrid, saw their support in the 75-seat Galician parliament, the Xunta, eroded, losing nine seats from 28 to 19.

Salvadoran Bishop Warns of Killings

SAN SALVADOR (Reuters) — El Salvador's leading Roman Catholic clergyman said death-squad-style killings were continuing, and he urged President Alfredo Cristiani's government to stop them before the country's hard-won peace was threatened.

Archbishop Arturo Rivera y Damas of San Salvador said Sunday in his weekly homily that three people were murdered last week by the police or unknown individuals in a style associated with the rightist death squads that terrorized the country during the civil war from 1979 to 1992.

Air France Cancels de Gaulle Flights

PARIS (Reuters) — Air France said it had canceled its flights in and out of Paris's Charles de Gaulle-Roissy airport for Monday evening and Tuesday because protesting workers had blocked runways.

Leo Salkin, Model of Mister Magoo, Dies

By Jacques Steinberg
New York Times Service

Leo Salkin, 80, a Hollywood cartoon animator and screenwriter who was the inspiration for the squint-eyed character Mister Magoo, died Wednesday of congestive heart failure in Burbank, California.

Mr. Salkin, who worked at MGM, Universal and Disney, among other studios, was an animator on the Disney film "Lady and the Tramp" and the director and animator of Mel Brooks' and Carl Reiner's film "The Two Thousand-Year-Old Man."

Harriet L. Hardy, 87, a pioneer in occupational medicine and the first woman to become a full professor at Harvard Medical School, died Wednesday of lymphoma in Boston.

Dr. Hardy set out to become a country doctor but developed an early interest in toxicology and environmentally related illness.

We're in New York before the Americans.



Singapore Airlines' exclusive MEGATOP 747 fly daily non-stop from Europe to New York. Our 4 flights from Frankfurt and 3 flights from Amsterdam* arrive before any other airline and in good time for lunch. And on the way you'll enjoy in-flight service even other airlines talk about.

* Amsterdam services commence November 1st.

Times of London Increases Sales

LONDON — Rupert Murdoch's price-cutting strategy in the British newspaper market has brought a sharp jump in circulation for The London Times, figures showed Monday.

The first monthly figures from the Audit Bureau of Circulation since The Times cut its price show average daily sales increased 24 percent in September to 440,291 from 354,280 in August.

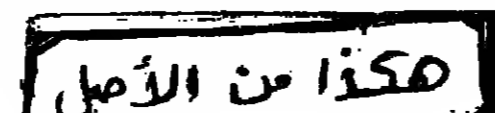
OVERHEARD

Martha rushed in to break Herbert of his old ways.

With MCI CALL USA and MCI WORLD REACH services, reaching around the world has never been easier.

Algeria	002-905 012	Burundi	002-770	Italy	0039-0222	Saudi Arabia	1-800-11
Belgium	0032-20-112	Egypt	00975-5770	Kenya	00254-01	Slovak Rep.	0042-00012
Brazil	0055-2122	Finland	00358-107-90	Kuwait	00965-1800-6241	Spain	0034-93 004
Canada	001-903	France	0033-0019	Luxembourg	00352-036	Sweden	0046-795-922
China	0086-1026	Germany	0049-0007	Mexico	0052-0010	Switzerland	0041-0222
Columbia	0057-016-0001	Greece	0030-020	Netherlands	0031-202-223	Turkey	0090-0117
Costa Rica	00502-10000	Hungary	0036-0000	Norway	0047-050	UAE	00971-0011
Czech Rep.	0042-00010	India	0091-001	Peru	0051-190	United Kingdom	0044-89-0222
Dominican Rep.	001-809-0007	Ireland	00353-01-001	Poland	0048-04 800-722	Uruguay	0051-000-01
Dominican Republic	1-800-751-6623	Israel	00972-03-727	Portugal	00351-01-1254	Venezuela	00512-000-0

When making a world call, dial 00 first. When dialing outside of Latin America, dial the area code. Collect calls to U.S. only. In-home numbers, public phones, pay phones, and coin-operated pay phones are not available for long distance. MCI International, Inc., 1993. MCI, WorldReach and all other MCI products and services mentioned herein are proprietary marks of MCI Communications Corporation.



STATESIDE / QUALITY OF LIFE

Index of Well-Being Hits a 20-Year Low

NEW YORK — Increases in child abuse and child poverty have driven the nation's social well-being to its lowest point in two decades, according to a study released Monday by social scientists at Fordham University.

The scientists also evaluated Americans' confidence in their quality of life, and they said it was strikingly low.

The seventh annual report, "The Index of Social Health," tries to monitor the well-being of American society by examining statistics from reports by the Census Bureau on 16 major social problems, including teenage suicide, unemployment, drug abuse, the high-school dropout rate and the lack of affordable housing.

Aided by a computer model, the researchers use the statistics from the 16 categories to reach a single figure between 0 and 100, which they call the index of social health.

The first year for which the scientists measured social health, 1970, had an index of 75, which the researchers said was above average. But in 1991, the most recent year for which complete data was available, the index was 36, down from 42 in 1990 and less than half the highest index rating of 79 in 1972.

The 1991 figure is "awful," said Marc L. Miringoff, the author of the study and the director of the Fordham University Institute for Innovation in Social Policy in Tarrytown, New York.

"These results reveal as much about what is happening to us as the economic indicators that we watch closely every day," he said.

Two major reasons for the drop, Mr. Miringoff said, are that child abuse reached its worst recorded level and that the number of children living in poverty reached its worst level since 1983.

Also eroding society's health was a decline in average weekly earnings, he said. "The decline in the economy has much to do with the decline in our social health," Mr. Miringoff said.

A new feature of the report, the Index of Social Confidence, polled 1,200 Americans to show how they evaluate national performance in areas that shape the quality of life: education, health care, safety, occupation and living standard.

The result was a confidence index of 34, which Mr. Miringoff called disturbingly low. He said the respondents to the survey saw serious problems in the nation's social well-being and were pessimistic about the future.

Health Challenge: Getting Basic Care to the Urban Poor

By Elisabeth Rosenthal
New York Times Service

NEW YORK — Two weeks ago, Eam Lloyd staggered into the Montefiore Medical Center emergency room nearly comatose, nearly blind and barely able to walk.

Doctors discovered he had severe diabetes, which kept him in the hospital for the next 10 days. But Mr. Lloyd's more serious medical problem was the lack of a decent general doctor, which for him and hundreds of thousands of others in New York's poorer neighborhoods turns treatable outpatient diseases like diabetes into life-threatening conditions.

In wide stretches of inner-city New York, there are only a handful of doctors, and virtually none who offer patients a reasonable standard of primary care.

The severe shortage will make President Bill Clinton's health-care plan, or any alternative, difficult to achieve in these areas that most need help.

The president proposes to guarantee coverage for all, and plans to enroll the poorest in health-maintenance organizations. But unless there is a dramatic improvement in the quantity and quality of inner-city doctors, policy experts say, many patients will still head to the emergency room for their care.

"I don't care what kind of health care card you're carrying, it won't help you if the doctors and facilities aren't there," said Ronda Kotelchuck, executive director of Primary Care Development Corp. in New York, a new organization to finance the building of clinics in underserved areas.

The number of doctors willing and eager to practice in the poorest neighborhoods, always inadequate, has dwindled to practically nothing in recent years because of low Medicaid reimbursement rates, the threat of violence and the shifting

focus of medical education and away from general doctoring and toward specialty training.

A 1990 survey by the Community Service Society of New York found 701 doctors serving a population of 1.7 million people in parts of Harlem, Brooklyn, and the South Bronx. But only 28 doctors — or 3.9 percent — met minimum federal standards for decent primary care.

Many did not accept Medicaid, were open less than 20 hours a week, did not provide after-hour coverage in case of emergencies, and did not have admitting privileges at a hospital.

"The snapshot was bleak, and there was a concentration of older physicians who were nearing retirement, so we have every expectation that the situation has gotten worse," said David Jones, the society's president. The society is a nonprofit organization that is concerned with issues like the health and housing of the city's neediest.

For patients like Mr. Lloyd, the lack of reasonable primary care means that coughs are neglected until they become pneumonia, and chronic conditions like asthma, diabetes and hypertension — which are generally controlled under the supervision of an attentive doctor — go untreated until patients are so sick that they need an ambulance.

Mr. Lloyd said he dutifully kept his monthly appointments at a grimy storefront clinic — even though the doctor there never spent more than eight or nine minutes with him and never examined him before refilling prescriptions for pain and high blood pressure.

And when he fell desperately ill on a Saturday, he had no other

choice but to use an emergency room: The clinic is closed on nights and weekends, and his doctor is not affiliated with any hospital.

"I heard the doctor there was O.K.," Mr. Lloyd said. "He took my Medicaid card. So I went there."

Still there are some signs of hope. The expectation of increased federal and state payments for taking care of the poor has prompted a spurt of clinic-building in areas where there were formerly none.

And state and proposed federal

measures have initiated a huge influx of poor patients into health-maintenance organizations, where they are generally required to have a fixed primary care doctor; a 1991 New York State law requires that half of all Medicaid patients receive their health care through these organizations by 1996.

So hospitals, which have for years taken care of these patients in their clinics and emergency rooms, are opening primary clinics in low-income communities, at least in part, to protect their Medicaid revenues.

measures have initiated a huge influx of poor patients into health-maintenance organizations, where they are generally required to have a fixed primary care doctor; a 1991 New York State law requires that half of all Medicaid patients receive their health care through these organizations by 1996.

So hospitals, which have for years taken care of these patients in their clinics and emergency rooms, are opening primary clinics in low-income communities, at least in part, to protect their Medicaid revenues.

Away From Politics

- The Supreme Court agreed to review the process that the federal government has used to close military bases. At issue is a lawsuit charging that the government, in scheduling the shutdown of the Philadelphia Naval Shipyard, failed to comply with various procedural requirements allegedly imposed under the base-closing law adopted by Congress in 1980.
- In another ruling, the Supreme Court let stand a 97-year-old Arkansas woman's \$1 million award from a tobacco fund that had used her photograph with a fake story about a pregnant 101-year-old Australian. The court, without comment, rejected arguments by Globe International, publisher of the Sun, that it had a free-press right to print an obviously false story.
- Mount Sinai Medical Center in New York City maintains one maternity ward for mostly white, private patients and another for mostly minority, Medicaid patients, the New York Daily News reported. Poorer mothers at the hospital, which is between impoverished East Harlem and the wealthy Upper East Side, are put in a dreary ward with chipped paint and black walls and are short-changed on services such as education on nutrition and infant care, the report said. The state hospital code requires that patients be treated "without discrimination as to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, disability, sexual orientation or source of payment."
- A teenager lying on the center line of a highway, apparently imitating a scene from a movie, was struck by a pickup truck and killed in Polk, Pennsylvania. Another youth was seriously injured. The police said witnesses reported that the youths were following through on a dare to lie down on the two-lane highway, apparently acting out a scene from "The Program."



HEADING FOR A SHUTTLE RECORD — The crew of the space shuttle Columbia before their craft was launched on Monday at Cape Canaveral, Florida. The seven-member crew is on a medical research mission scheduled to last 14 days, the longest ever planned for a NASA shuttle.

POLITICAL NOTES

Urban Killings Advance Gun-Control Cause

WASHINGTON — Fueled by scenes of urban violence that flash almost nightly on local television stations across the country, the politics of guns and gun control are undergoing a transformation.

In Florida, where 10 foreign tourists have been slain in the past year, Governor Lawton Chiles, a Democrat, this past week called a special session of the state legislature to consider outlawing gun possession by minors. Colorado, after a summer of youth-related violence, enacted similar legislation last month.

In New Jersey and Virginia, the National Rifle Association suffered defeats on major gun control bills earlier this year, and the governor of New Jersey, Jim Florio, a Democrat, and the Virginia Democratic gubernatorial candidate, Mary Sue Terry, have made gun control a key element of their election campaigns this fall.

In Massachusetts, Governor William F. Weld, a Republican who had the endorsement of the Gun Owners of Massachusetts in his 1990 campaign, reversed course last month, calling for a ban on assault weapons to combat the growing violence in his state.

In Congress, the "Brady bill," calling for a five-day waiting period before the purchase of a handgun, could become law by year's end, after being tied up on Capitol Hill for years.

What is happening on gun control is analogous to the shift that occurred four years ago on abortion, when many Republican politicians felt the need to move away from their strong anti-abortion stance toward a more comfortable middle ground.

The new political environment already has begun to alter the balance of power between the National Rifle Association and advocates of gun control and offers the Democrats a longer-term opportunity to change their soft-on-crime image with the voters.

Analysts of public opinion say that while there has been strong public support for stricter controls on guns for years, the intensity of the issue has increased sharply because of growing fears for personal safety among many urban and suburban voters.

"On our national data, it's not health care as the No. 1 issue facing the country, it's crime, drugs and gang violence," said a Republican pollster, Neil Newhouse. (WP)

Group Says Clinton Falls to Hire Hispanics

WASHINGTON — A Hispanic group said last week that, despite President Bill Clinton's promises to do better, the administration's record on appointing Hispanics to senior jobs has gotten worse.

In fact, the number of Hispanics in the highest-ranking jobs — those requiring Senate confirmation — has actually fallen from 15 to 14 since May, when the National Hispanic Leadership Agenda, an umbrella group, gave the administration an overall grade of C-minus.

Since then, the group said, nearly 100 top jobs have been filled, but none by an Hispanic. As a result, Hispanics account for 5.4 percent of the 259 senior officials (compared with about 9 percent of the population) and Mr. Clinton's grade has been dropped to a D. (WP)

Quote / Unquote

James MacGregor Burns, the historian, saying that there has been more compromise than persistence at the White House and that this would be reflected in the handling of the health-care plan: "History shows again and again that if you stick to your guns and don't compromise unduly, your sheer persistence is such that people will come around to you. There is something impressive about someone who is not constantly compromising and retreating." (NYT)

Gunman Kills 3 And Wounds 2 At Fort Knox Base

Reuters

FORT KNOX, Kentucky — A former serviceman killed three people inside Fort Knox on Monday, then shot himself after escaping from the sprawling base that houses U.S. gold reserves, authorities said.

The police gave no motive for the killings, and there was no immediate word on the suspect's condition.

The serviceman was identified by the police as Arthur Hill, 55, who was found two hours after the killings in a restroom of a Veterans Administration hospital in Louisville with a self-inflicted gunshot wound.

A spokeswoman at the hospital, 40 miles (65 kilometers) from the base, said Mr. Hill had shot himself in the mouth.

The man entered the Fort Knox training center office at about 10:15 A.M. and shot five people, killing a man and two women and wounding two other people, officials said.

Radio reports said Mr. Hill was a former employee of the center, and an army spokesman said the man was a civilian with 24 years of military service.

Radio reports quoted fellow workers as saying they would have never expected such violence from him.

A Veterans Administration spokesman said Mr. Hill had been an out-patient at the facility.

South Africa's Premier Business Hotel

SANDTON SUN Towers

- Luxury that towers above the rest.
- Cuisine to International Star standards.
- Richly furnished rooms.
- 2 exclusive upper floors with luxury suites, executive studios and the Penthouse - all complete with butler service.
- Full business centre with boardrooms, computer-equipped offices, secretarial and courier services.
- Hospitality lounge includes shower facilities to freshen up between flights and hotel check-in/out.
- Executive health centre for stress relief.
- 20 minutes' drive to Johannesburg CBD.

Bayerische Landesbank Bulletin

MONEY AND CAPITAL MARKETS REPORT

GERMAN BOND MARKET PAUSE FOR ORIENTATION

After the latest cut in the key rates, the German bond market adopted a wait-and-see attitude. As the market is lacking impetus, it has stopped to get its bearings.

The latest half-point cut in the key rates on 9th September piteously failed to cheer up the bond market—a reaction that did not come as a complete surprise. The public bond yields hardly budged. The sixth rate cut this year (the discount rate has been cut five times and the Lombard rate five times) did not give bond prices a further upward push. Instead, the capital-market rate has been moving sideways, which shows that the market is lacking incentives for rise.

As the Bundesbank will see no need for further action on the discount and Lombard rates in the near future, the bond market has paused for orientation. However, the downtrend in interest rates, mainly those at the short end, is still intact.

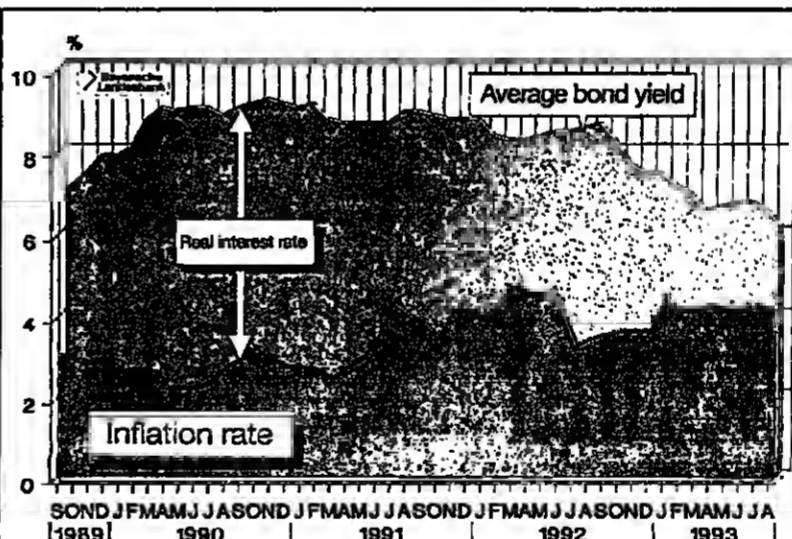
By historical standards, for example if the multi-year range of real interest rates or the spread between the discount rate/Lombard rate and the ten-year bond yield are used as a yardstick, money-market rates are still too high. The real interest rate, using the inflation-adjusted ten-year public bond yield as a measure, has shrunk to just under 2 percent, the discount rate is equal to the ten-year yield, and the Lombard rate is one percentage point above this level. This is an unusual constellation, considering that the rate at the long end of the market, i.e. the yield on ten-year bonds, is only some 70 basis points above the lows plumed during previous cycles. The discount rate and the Lombard rate, on the other hand, are still 375 and 275 basis points, respectively, above their previous lows (1987/88).

Since the autumn of 1992, the discount rate and the Lombard rate have been reduced from 8 1/2 percent to 6 1/2 percent and from 9 percent to 7 1/2 percent, respectively. Money rates have followed the key rates down: the call money rate has fallen by almost 300 basis points to 6.8 percent and the rate for three-month money by 270 basis points to 6.55 percent.

As the above figures show, the short rates reflect more or less fully the seven key-rate cuts made since the autumn of 1992. Bond-market rates have fallen even more sharply: the ten-year yield has dropped from 8.1 percent to 6.2 percent since the late summer of 1992, the five-year yield by three-quarters of a point more, from 8 1/4 percent to 5.85 percent.

Looking at the down-phase of interest rates in the early 1980s, we note that the pace of the key-rate cuts was somewhat slower then. While the discount rate was reduced by 2 1/2 percentage points in less than a year during the present cycle, it had taken about 16 months to lower it by the same margin in the previous one, though from a much lower level (7 1/2 percent).

The fall in bond rates was even faster: the descent of the ten-year public-bond yield from its peak to the current level of 6 1/4 percent lasted almost five years in the 1981/87



The drop in the average bond yield to 6 percent has caused the real interest rate to fall below 2 percent. The real interest rate, which stayed within a range of 2 1/4 percent and 5 percent for many years, has thus slipped below the lower end of this range. It is expected to stay at or near this level until the end of the year and beyond, possibly until next summer. Hikes in administered prices, for example the increase in the oil tax due to be put into effect on 1st January 1994, will keep consumer-price inflation close to 4 percent. But even after the most recent key-rate cut, interest rates still seem to have room to go lower. Past experience shows, in addition, that real interest rates tend to come under pressure before a cyclical upswing begins and in the early phases of such an upswing. This was the case after the interest-rate turnaround in 1982 and after rates reached their peak during the first third of the 1970s.

Slowdown in inflation

The current situation of the capital market after the sixth key-rate cut this year is difficult to assess, but the following conclusions can be drawn nevertheless:

- The Bundesbank will probably postpone further easing steps until money-supply growth starts slowing down.
- Hopes for a further fall in interest rates should stay alive at least as long as the D-mark's strength attracts foreign capital.
- The slowdown in inflation, which has already become noticeable, is also expected to provide relief in the medium term. The inflation rate for the past six months, extrapolated to the whole year, was less than three per cent. Hence there is a good chance, despite the government's decision to raise the oil tax, which will give inflation an upward push in early 1994, that the rise in the cost of living, after a brief dip below four per cent in November, will move down toward 3 1/2 percent in the spring of 1994. All in all, one can say that interest rates still have room to go lower. The Bundesbank can, and will, give key rates another downward nudge. Short-term rates are still too high for an economy that has not yet completely surmounted the recession. Sceptics should remember that the necessary duration (and extent) of a rate-cutting process has always been underrated and that, after all, yield inversion at the short end has never been helpful in overcoming an economic decline.

To receive your complimentary copy, in English or German, of the latest issue of Bayerische Landesbank's Money and Capital Markets Report, just fill out the coupon below and enclose your business card or letterhead.

Bayerische Landesbank Girozentrale
Economics Department
D-80277 Munich

Please send me a complimentary copy of the latest issue of your Money and Capital Markets Report.

Name _____
Company _____
Street _____
City _____
Country _____

Please print English German



Record Contradicts Clinton on Somalia

By Michael R. Gordon with John H. Cushman Jr. New York Times Service

WASHINGTON — Despite the administration's attempts to blame the United Nations for the Somalia crisis, the intensifying military operations there were repeatedly endorsed and sometimes driven by top U.S. officials in the months before the disastrous army raid on a hostile faction two weeks ago.

On Thursday, 11 days after 18 American soldiers died in the raid, President Bill Clinton sought to shift responsibility to the United Nations, which took over the Somalia operation in the spring.

Mr. Clinton said the aggressive effort against the faction leader, Mohammed Farrah Aidid, "never should have been allowed to supplant the political process that was ongoing when we were in effective control, up through last May." He has gone so far as to say he was not even aware U.S. forces were still trying to capture General Aidid.

But while officials and critics are hunting for scapegoats, classified messages between Mogadishu and Washington and interviews with U.S. policymakers and military officers and with UN officials show a more complex picture of a policy with wider support in Washington than acknowledged.

The premise of the UN policy — to neutralize General Aidid — was shared by senior administration officials throughout most of the summer, though some were uneasy about the heavy reliance on military force.

Even when the administration began to rethink its approach in September, it did not tell forces in Somalia under Pentagon control to abandon their hunt for the warlord. It was under the old standing orders that U.S. Army Rangers launched their attack on Oct. 3.

A broad range of interviews disclosed these details of U.S. policymaking:

• As late as Sept. 6 — two weeks after the administration agreed to a plea from military commanders in Somalia to send a battalion of Rangers — the State Department's liaison office in Mogadishu sent a classified message to Washington seeking more troops. The message alarmed General Joseph P. Hoar, head of the U.S. Central Com-

mand, who sent his own message to Washington dismissing the idea as a hopeless crusade.

• In early summer, the CIA endorsed the view, held by the United Nations and publicly supported by Mr. Clinton at the time, that General Aidid would interfere with the rebuilding of Somalia.

• Using his extensive contacts in Washington, Jonathan Howe, the retired U.S. admiral who is the special UN envoy to Somalia, engaged in what an aide to Defense Secretary Les Aspin called "frantic and obsessive" lobbying for more forces, culminating in the decision to send the Rangers.

The mild-mannered Admiral Howe acknowledged the calls but said he never requested any troops without the agreement of the UN and U.S. commanders in Somalia.

President George Bush sent 28,000 troops to Somalia last December for what was to be a short mission to help feed starving Somalis. In retrospect, the Bush administration seems to have underestimated the problems and overestimated the ability of UN peacekeepers to take over the mission after U.S. troops left.

The Bush administration also had its problems with the United Nations: when Secretary-General Butros Butros Ghali wanted to disarm the warring clans there, the Bush administration resisted.

Some now say that if disarmament was to be attempted at all, the best time would have been early this year when U.S. combat strength was at its peak and the United Nations was distributing food, which added to its political leverage.

As the United Nations tried to rebuild Somalia, it sought to reduce the influence of the heavily armed factions. The CIA, in an assessment first obtained by Defense Week, a Washington newsletter, seemed to support this track, saying in one unclassified paper that General Aidid was "a threat to peace."

On June 5, forces believed to be under General Aidid's command attacked Pakistani peacekeepers, killing 24 of them.

At the urging of Washington, the Security Council adopted a resolution calling for the arrest of those responsible and for "the disarmament of all Somalia parties." While

the resolution did not name General Aidid, administration officials made it plain that they thought he was responsible.

General Hoar, who supported the attacks on General Aidid's strongholds, opposed a manhunt and told the Pentagon there was only a 1-in-4 chance of catching him, officials said.

Admiral Howe would not take no for an answer. He said in an interview that Washington's initial refusal to approve the request may have made the job more difficult.

An aide to Mr. Aspin said that beginning in July, Admiral Howe had "adopted Aidid as his Great White Whale" and repeatedly called his contacts in the administration to request more troops. Admiral Howe acknowledged lobbying for more forces, but said he was merely trying to carry out the Security Council resolution.

As General Aidid continued his attacks, Admiral Howe's lobbying bore fruit. The Deputies Committee, a panel of sub-cabinet officials, decided in late August to send the Rangers and a number of Delta commandos.

An aide said that even though General Powell was skeptical about the prospects of capturing General Aidid, he supported the request be-

cause his general in Somalia wanted the Rangers.

The Rangers met with mixed success in Somalia. They failed to capture General Aidid but they detained some of his top aides and seized equipment.

To Admiral Howe, who had been saying the United Nations intended to disarm everyone in Mogadishu, it seemed that even more troops were now needed.

He was not alone. On Sept. 6 the administration received a message from Robert Gossende, the senior U.S. diplomat in Mogadishu, who wanted more troops to conduct weapons sweeps and urged Washington not to negotiate with General Aidid because he was a terrorist.

General Hoar was alarmed by the request and sent a strongly worded classified message to Frank G. Wisner, the undersecretary of defense for policy, and to General Powell.

"After four months of operations with extraordinary help from the United States government, the United Nations' successes have been modest," General Hoar wrote. "A coherent plan which involves the political, humanitarian and security needs for the country has yet to emerge. Control of Mogadishu has been lost."



Butros Butros Ghali, the UN secretary-general, with President Joaquim Chissano of Mozambique on Monday in Maputo. The United States advised Mr. Butros Ghali against visiting Somalia.

SOLDIER: Nigerian Kept Hope

Continued from Page 1

take over positions from departing Italian troops. Mr. Shantali said he took cover during the ambush and prayed to Allah to save him.

Somali militiamen found him. He said that at first he thought they would kill him. But as he prayed, they realized he was a fellow Muslim.

So they stripped him of his weapon and his uniform, marched him off naked as a prisoner, and kept him locked in a house for about 30 minutes before they began moving him to new locations.

When he was taken to the room that would be his prison cell for two weeks, he said, the Somalis held his leg while one twisted his foot, spraining his ankle to prevent him from walking.

"They were afraid I'm a soldier. I can run away. I can escape. I can kill them," he said.

Then his right wrist was chained to his twisted left ankle, and still naked, he was forced to lay on the floor without a mat or blanket. He was never released to use a toilet and was not allowed to bathe until the day before he was released.

Asked if he had been angry, he said: "I was annoyed, because I know I'm a man. I'm supposed to have human rights." For two weeks he remained in

the darkened room, so dark he recalled that "every day is night." His only human contact was with a Somali woman who came in twice a day to feed him, spooning the food into his mouth. She consoled him and promised each time that he would be released "tomorrow." He came to call the woman "Mama."

Mr. Shantali said he knew he would be released when, last week, his captors allowed him to bathe, gave him new clothes and moved him to a clean and spacious house with beds and lights. He said he was told that he would be freed.

"At that time, tears started coming to my eyes," he said.

It was when he was about to be released that Mr. Shantali first met Mr. Durant. The Nigerian said they shook hands and exchanged greetings, but never really spoke.

Mr. Shantali and his captors exchanged good-byes as he left. One of his guards, a man named Ahmed, asked him for his address so they could keep in touch. They wished him good luck and he wished them luck, too, as he limped to a waiting Red Cross car.

The Swedish doctors who treated Mr. Shantali said they expected him to make a full recovery within six months. They said he suffered from injured ligaments and damaged tissue in his ankle, but that there was no fracture.

VICTOR: A Fight From the Heart

Continued from Page 1

clan leader paid them cash or gave them large quantities of khat, a leaf chewed by many Somalis as a mild stimulant.

They said an arrest warrant issued for General Aidid because of his alleged role in the Pakistani killings kept him in hiding and prevented him from exercising direct control over his militia, which would eventually fade away.

But Mr. Ali painted a different picture, one of a highly motivated band of fighters whose morale improved as combat intensified and became more focused against U.S. troops. Since June, General Aidid kept tight control over his young gunmen through his lieutenants, said Mr. Ali, who got his orders from a neighborhood commander.

"Aidid never talked for four months," he recalled, adding that the militia leader and his top aides fled to another part of the city after the attack on his stronghold.

"I never heard his voice," Mr. Ali added. "But he always gave the instructions."

His account of the militia's coherence, lines of command and easy access to arms appears to be consistent with the latest assessments by U.S. and UN officials, who now concede that they may have greatly underestimated their enemy.

Mr. Ali estimated that 900 militiamen had died fighting U.S. forces, many of them in a battle on Oct. 3 in which 18 U.S. Army Rangers were killed and 75 were wounded.

U.S. Army infantrymen who fought in that battle, in which two U.S. helicopters were shot down and rescue teams were pinned down for hours by Somali gunfire, estimated that as many as 1,000 guerrillas may have been involved. That number far exceeds previous U.S. estimates of the size of General Aidid's militia.

"It was not a rag-tag outfit that we were up against," said Lieutenant Colonel Bill David of the 14th Infantry's 2d Battalion, which went into the area to try to rescue trapped Rangers.

"The Americans were fighting us like this was Vietnam," Mr. Ali said. "The helicopters killed a lot of people. They destroyed a lot of buildings. They were shooting at us, and we were shooting at them."

He said General Aidid's fighters had never suffered a serious shortage of arms, even after the U.S. gunships destroyed their arsenals, because most members of the clan leader's Somali National Alliance kept guns buried beneath their houses.

"We were used to fighting Siad Barre," Mr. Ali said, referring to Mohammed Siad Barre, who was overthrown as president in 1991.

"That's why we kept our guns," he added. "And until we see a new face from the United Nations, we will keep our guns with us."

Mr. Ali said his fight was not simply for General Aidid, but for the Habr Gedir clan, to which he and the general belong, and for Somali independence in the face of what he called U.S. aggression.

—KEITH B. RICHBURG

The challenge: TO KEEP POLLUTANTS FROM FOULING UP THE ATMOSPHERE AND POLLUTION CONTROLS FROM FOULING UP PERFORMANCE.



KURDS: War Mounts in Turkey

Continued from Page 1

diplomat in Ankara. Of the rebellion, the diplomat added, "This is now a popular insurgency."

But Western governments do not press that argument with the Turks, who are armed by the United States, in part because they agree with Ankara's depiction of the rebels as terrorists.

Equally important, Turkey is a North Atlantic Treaty Organization member and plays a crucial role in Western efforts to keep economic and military pressure on President Saddam Hussein of Iraq. That is a higher priority for the United States than the Kurdish insurgency.

The rebel movement touches an extremely raw nerve for the Turkish government, which sees the war as an outright challenge to the very cornerstone of the state — the model of linguistic, cultural and political unity championed by Mustafa Kemal Ataturk, the founder of the modern Turkish republic.

From 10 million to 12 million people, or about a fifth of Turkey's population, are Kurds. While Turkish leaders permit the publication of Kurdish-language newspapers and acknowledge what they term a "Kurdish reality," the government does not allow the Kurds to use their own language in schools or in broadcasting or acknowledge a separate Kurdish national identity. Kurds, who are largely Sunni Muslims, enjoy the same political rights as other Turks but may not express them in a Kurdish linguistic, political or regional context.

For many people in southeastern Turkey, such restrictions are part of the basic grievance of Kurdish nationalists: While many Kurds probably do not wish to secede from Turkey, as the insurgents do, their identity as a people is denied. The war, though, has brought them neither progress nor hope.

"The people have had enough," said Fathi Gumus, a Kurdish lawyer and chairman of the bar association in Diyarbakir. "The war is bloodier than ever. Both sides are getting rougher and rougher. The picture is very bleak."

The Turkish government has long believed that if its forces could sever the ties between the rebels and Turkey's hostile neighbors, the battle would be all but won.

A year ago, therefore, Turkey enlisted the tacit support of Kurds in northern Iraq, who have depended on Turkey for their survival since the Gulf War, in a campaign of air strikes and infantry advances against Turkish Kurds who were operating in part from bases just across the border. The Turkish military declared that it had dealt the rebels a lethal blow. When a Syrian-based guerrilla leader, Abdullah Ocalan, offered to stop fighting in March, the move seemed to reinforce Turkey's view.

Since the rebels called off the cease-fire in May with an attack in which 33 Turkish soldiers were killed, they have kidnapped and released 26 foreign tourists, dented Turkey's tourism industry with low-level violence in Mediterranean resorts and in Istanbul, and organized demonstrations outside Turkish offices in Europe.

Raytheon Engineers & Constructors has the know-how to help companies cost effectively plan ahead for clean air compliance.

The world's industries are hard at work cleaning up. But they'll have to work harder. Because all over the world clean air regulations will only get stricter.

Raytheon Engineers & Constructors is ready for any clean air challenge the future may hold. In a broad range of industries — steel, chemicals, pharmaceuticals, food processing, petroleum refineries and power generation — our projects, large or small, are marked by cost effective, innovative engineering and construction.

For example, we're helping such clients as the operating companies of Allegheny Power System and the Tennessee Valley Authority install emission control "scrubbers."

Our goal: minimum downtime for operations. We're always looking over the horizon. Because what passes for clean air today, won't tomorrow. All over the world, the rules will only get stricter. And those who don't plan ahead, can only fall behind.

Send us more challenges.

The same "can-do" spirit that makes Raytheon a leader in engineering and construction services is also the driving force behind our proven performance in defense, electronics, aviation and appliances.

We thrive on challenges. Send us more.

Raytheon

WE THRIVE ON CHALLENGES

Herald INTERNATIONAL Tribune

Published With The New York Times and The Washington Post

The Goal Anywhere Is to Succeed Before Getting Out

A Well-Timed Peace Prize

The joint award of the Nobel Peace Prize to President F. W. de Klerk and his former prisoner, Nelson Mandela, was astute and well timed. These two South Africans have been wary but nevertheless indispensable partners in a transition to nonracial democracy that will become a reality in elections scheduled for next April. Thus the award endorses and helps propel a marvelous transformation that few expected to occur in this century.

While celebrating what it called "Mandela's and de Klerk's constructive policy of peace and reconciliation," the Nobel committee seemed to be honoring the process of racial peace as much as the two men who were largely responsible for it. "These are not saints," Francis Sjerstad, the chairman of the committee, said in Oslo. "They are politicians in a complicated reality and it is the total picture that was decisive."

Haiti Needs Negotiation

Is Haiti now sliding all the way back down to zero? Not quite. The six American warships cruising on the horizon are visible evidence to the men now in power — the renegade soldiers and their friends — that they have not won a final victory.

Duvalier years. There is no separate police force. This army, and the crowd of civilian gunmen who are its allies, fear more than losing power and graft. They fear that if the elected president, Jean-Bertrand Aristide, returns to Haiti, the people whom they have been tormenting all these months will turn on them and literally have their heads. That is not farfetched. There was some of that when the Duvaliers fell seven years ago and a little more when Father Aristide was in office.

Afraid of the Gun Lobby

The party of Bill Clinton is an aggressive and confident party, willing to confront its foes," said David Wilhelm, chairman of the Democratic Party, in a recent speech declaring Democrats' willingness to do battle with powerful interest groups like the National Rifle Association.

ammunition for recreational target shooting, and otherwise subsidize marksmanship competitions among gun clubs with ties to the NRA — an unjustifiable agenda on either military or budgetary grounds.

Other Comment

Trying to Cool China Down

China's economy began overheating toward the end of 1992, a year when the economy grew at a real rate of 13 percent. The growth rate accelerated in the first half of this year; industrial output was 25 percent higher than in the same period in 1992.

to the extent that prices in many places have fallen steeply. Industrial output has declined for three consecutive months. The growth rate of broad money is down to around 25 percent at an annualized rate.

WASHINGTON — When Joe Louis was heavyweight champion of the world, he was fed a succession of pipsqueak challengers — Lou Nova, Buddy Baer, Two-Ton Tony Galento — until whoever faced him became known as "the bum of the month."

an American body being dragged through the streets to say that the Africans committing the atrocity "don't look hungry to the people of Texas" — ignoring the fact that those same food-stealing thugs are the cause of, not the victims of, Somali starvation.

By William Safire

How is any American president to assert power? With grim efficiency.

By treating Texans as such fools, Mr. Gramm removes himself as a serious candidate for national office.

putting the flower of America's youth needlessly "in harm's way."

I popped Bill Clinton early and often for meekly going along with John Major's terminal timidity in Bosnia. Even now, as shelling of Sarajevo resumes, the president's refusal to put the "special relationship" on the line to arm Muslims and to air-strike the Serbian artillery is dismaying.

Democracies Have to Fight Wars of Interest and of Conscience

By Brian Beedham

LONDON — If Napoleon is watching from some St. Helena in the sky, he will look at the mess we are making of it in Somalia and Bosnia and Haiti and elsewhere and say: I told you so. When it comes to a fight, morale is three-quarters of what decides the issue.

vote them out again — have not yet got to grips with the sort of world that seems to be in prospect for the next 20 or 30 years.

In today's world it is not possible to be beaten and hope that nobody notices. If you are beaten, the challenges to your interests proliferate.

tearful though Mr. Clinton has certainly been. It will not be enough to blame Bill Clinton for this year's failures of American foreign policy, amazing though Mr. Clinton has certainly been.

People can see the case for the "war of peace" in Kipling's phrase, but cannot yet accept that, to cite Kipling's unavailing adjective, these wars will sometimes be savage. They want to have a foreign policy that extends a helping hand, but they want it to be casualty-free.

Clinton Can't Abide Genocide in Bosnia

By Anthony Lewis

NEW YORK — On Oct. 9, Radovan Karadzic, leader of the Serbs in Bosnia, said his forces considered the war "finished" and would not renew their attacks on the small areas held by the Muslim-led Bosnian government.

What is the answer of the supposedly civilized world to the destruction of a people in Europe? Evasion. Silence.

since June by Serbian and Croatian forces vying for control of the area. The only food that residents have had came from emergency airdrops, and they are out of water and medicine and fuel for electric generators.

Beware the Bloat in Asian Markets

By Philip Bowring

HONG KONG — The dedicated followers of fashion who look after the pensions of the widows and orphans of the West have discovered the East. Beware.

market has been Morgan Stanley, whose strategist, Barton Biggs, helped spur the recent flood of U.S. money with his pronouncement after a brief visit that he was "maximum bullish" on China and Hong Kong.

What is the answer of the supposedly civilized world to the destruction of a people, and of the United Nations' member state, in Europe? It is evasion. It is silence.



Lonely at the Top

IF THE United States is the world's only superpower, then everything is its fault. Since a lot is wrong in the world, the assumption will always re-surface that whatever happened, the United States allowed it to happen.

A sophisticated Pakistani once suggested to me that the CIA must have planted the airplane bomb that killed President Zia ul-Haq in 1988. Never mind that U.S. Ambassador Arnold Raphel and Brigadier General Herbert Wasson died in the crash.

IN OUR PAGES: 100, 75 AND 50 YEARS AGO

1893: Caveat Reporter

PARIS — The Figaro this morning [Oct. 18] draws attention to the carelessness of the employes in the Paris telephone services, and relates a curious incident which occurred to a member of its staff.

1918: Cities Recovered

PARIS — M. Georges Clemenceau, the French Premier, was greeted with resounding cheers when he rose in the Chamber of Deputies yesterday [Oct. 18] afternoon to announce officially that Roubaix and Tourcoing had been taken. M. Clemenceau said: "The immense voice of the whole nation rises in expressing gratitude to our great soldiers, to our great chiefs and to our noble Allies. The Presi-

dent of this house has told you that Lille, Douai, Bruges and Oostend have been delivered. In my turn I can tell you that Roubaix and Tourcoing have also been delivered."

1943: Army Expenses

WASHINGTON — [From our New York edition:] Lindsay Warren, the Comptroller General, accused the War Department today [Oct. 18] of approving such claims in contractors' charges as for an employee's false teeth and the expenses for transporting a dog. Further, he said, in illustrating what he called needless contracting claims amounting to millions of dollars, the War Department has approved settlement of charges for liquor, juke boxes, contributions to charity by a contractor and payment for a worker reported to have put in forty-one hours in one day. In fact, Mr. Warren told the House Military Affairs Committee, the attitude has been "to hell with the General Accounting Office."

International Herald Tribune
KATHARINE GRAHAM, ARTHUR OCHS SULZBERGER
Co-Chairman
RICHARD McCLEAN, Publisher & Chief Executive
JOHN VINOKUR, Executive Editor & Vice President
WALTER WELLS, News Editor • SAMUEL A. BART, KATHERINE KNORR and CHARLES MITCHELLMORE, Deputy Editors • CARL GEWIRTZ, Associate Editor
• ROBERT J. DONAHUE, Editor of the Editorial Pages • JONATHAN GAGE, Business and Finance Editor
• RENÉ BONDY, Deputy Publisher • RICHARD H. MORGAN, Associate Publisher
• JUANITA L. CASPARI, International Advertising Director • ROBERT FARRÉ, Circulation Director, Europe
Directeur de la Publication: Richard D. Simmons

International Herald Tribune, 681 Avenue Charles-de-Gaulle, 92521 Neuilly-sur-Seine, France. Tel.: (1) 46 37 95 00. Fax: (1) 46 37 06 51. Advertising: 46 37 52 12.
Editor for Asia: Michael Richardson, 5 Cantonment Rd., Singapore 0911. Tel. (65) 772-7708. Fax: (65) 774-2234.
Sve. Dir. Asia: Rolf D. Knappe, 50 Gloucester Rd., Hong Kong. Tel. (86) 4616. Fax: 361-3073.
Mex. Dir. U.S.: Gary Thomas, 63 Long Ave., London WC2. Tel. (071) 836-8802. Fax: (071) 240-2254.
Gen. Mgr. Germany: W. Lassebach, Friedrichstr. 15, 10023 Frankfurt. Tel. (49) 72 67 53. Fax: (49) 72 73 10.
Pres. U.S.: Michael Cramer, 630 Third Ave., New York, N.Y. 10022. Tel. (212) 753-3900. Fax: (212) 753-8928.
S.A. au capital de 1.300.000 F. RCS Nanterre B. 23821136. Comptabilité: Florisville No. 61337.
© 1993, International Herald Tribune. All rights reserved. ISSN: 0294-8022.

كندا من الأصل



Mad hatting in London: Philip Treacy's witty, funky creations also brought some much-needed pizzazz to the London fashion scene.

In New Age, Mad Hatter Steals Show

By Suzy Menkes
 International Herald Tribune

LONDON — British fashion has moved from spirited to spiritual. Down the runways walked fresh, plain white dresses worn by barefoot New Age models. At the London fashion shows for the summer 1994 season, sex, dress, rock 'n' roll have left the stage. The nearest designers went to going mad was to send out calico shrouds that might once have been the uniform for a madhouse.

Maybe that is why it was such fun to see the mad hatter show sent out by Philip Treacy on Sunday. In front of an audience that included Valentino and Boy George, the supermodels swanned out, faces veiled in frowns of feathers; straw sculptures airborne; a gilded lace unicorn sprouting from the forehead; a surreal hand in white kid glove clutching the crown. In the witty, funky show, a brim would curl insolently upward to match Christy Turlington's Mona Lisa smile. Or Naomi Campbell pouted

purple lips under a broken chimney-pot of hat. The Irish-born Treacy, who has collaborated with international designers since he graduated from the Royal College of Art, caught the airy transparency of current fashion in his sophisticated creations. He also brought some much-needed pizzazz to the London fashion scene, which always seems to be fun and funky on the streets and less so at the shows.

But then being a young British designer now is a serious business. Harvey Nichols, the Knightsbridge store, put its weight and prestige behind new talents, hosting not only Treacy's show, but also groups of New Generation designers and of graduates from fashion colleges across Europe, including Belgium, France and Germany.

"These people deserve supporting — and it is part of our philosophy to take the store further up-market," said Joseph Wao, managing director of Harvey Nichols, which was bought by the Dickson Concepts group from Hong Kong two years ago.

The long, milk-white dresses appliqued with flowers sent out by Abe Hamilton stood out in the New Generation show. Hamilton, a graduate of Middlesex College in 1989, seems to capture fashion's fresh spirit with his ecologically-sound oiled-leather linens and wheatheaf decoration; his innocent raised-waist dresses; and his long proportions in airy layers.

In a similar spirit of prettiness and lightness, Paul Fridt offered simple slips and apron-wrap dresses — both strong trends; Sonnen-tag Mulligan showed plain-and-simple shrouds, scissored out under the arms; and Copperwheat Blundell focused on minimalism and

simplicity for their layers of slips and tunics worn over pants. Eilin Saltzman of Bergdorf Goodman, at the London shows for the first time in three years, said that the store had already picked up and carried the lines of some of the young designers.

"The mood and the time seems right for British designers to be

LONDON FASHION

stars again," she said. "And with all the punk and 1970s influence on the runways, I suddenly thought that it was time to check out London again."

But there wasn't too much of that ooo-punk raunchiness and energy — unless you count Stella Tennant modeling at John Rocha's show with a ring through her nose, and Christy Turlington showing off a newly pierced navel — body-piercing being the hot trend at the London clubs.

ROCHA raised the fashion temperature with his transparent chiffon dresses, decorated with Georgia O'Keeffe-sized scarlet flowers, over coating but a sliver of underpants. But the real forte of this Ireland-based designer is knitwear. Clashing cultures produced fine results in his Aran-inspired cardigan with a Celtic cross in relief on the back, worn over an airy long dress, and for a crochet cardigan cropped short at the bare midriff.

Long, slinky cable-knit dresses or slithers of black crochet were also in the modern mood. Rocha concocts subtle mixtures of texture, and if colors seemed bland, they made a foil for actress Joely Richardson sitting front row in lush velvet — a costume look that seems

to have disappeared from the London runways.

Jean Muir's show was a neat and tidy rendition of all she excels in — soft jersey dresses shaped with an arc of seaming under the bust; swing coats over soft pants; slips of dresses; subtly-shaped sweaters. Shirt-splits at the side of a coat or a long dress gave everything an ease and looseness. Muir's handling of soft jersey fabrics is mastery, making her dresses a lesson in body-skimming elegance. This season she scattered necklines or hemlines with sequins to break up the plainness. New too were sweet, soft colors like teal blue, mauve and pink and a floral print chiffon that was a shock from the sober Miss Muir.

Women designers in London make simple clothes in the modern manner. Betty Jackson gave a good strong show of layered separates in sleek proportions, spicing them with ethnic influences: a bold tribal print or fabrics that looked like Chinese workwear. Ally Capellino had all the current trends from apron-wrap dresses, string ties and transparency through pajama shirts and pants. Some of her plain calico dresses, shown with wild spiky hair, looked like scenes from the madhouse, but Capellino caught a rustic prettiness with her smock-backed coat and pale colors like powder blue and pink.

Minimalism has always been the creed of Flyte Ostell, who have seen fashion catch up with their favorite loose layers in natural fabrics. Their typical outfit is as a big soft white tunic in a wrinkled fabric, perhaps with a dip-and-dive asymmetric hem, over loose pants.

The three big British stars of the subversive and the sexy — John Galiano, Vivienne Westwood and Katharine Hamnett — have now

chosen to show on the Continent. The London fashion scene is the poorer for their departure. But Red or Dead tried to introduce some wackiness with their show, held on a floating runway in a swimming pool. They opened with a take on the supermodels, but they should have concentrated on the clothes, which included vibrant prints of tulip fields, outside sunflowers and of hands and feet. Feet are a forte at Red or Dead, whose hip boutique first re-launched platform soles. The heavy shoes in sculpted shapes often made a stronger statement than the clothes.

Mulberry sent out Moody a collection that modernized British country style — all club checks, simple jackets, sweater-sets and flowered dresses.

THE well-behaved British clothes once promoted with zeal by Diana, Princess of Wales, seem to have left center stage, as she has. But the spirit lingered on at the Tomasz Starzewski show Monday. Starzewski showed the kind of sugar pink suits English women like to wear to the Ascot race meeting and nothing that would have frightened the horses, or Queen Elizabeth, if she invited you along for drinks afterward.

Starzewski also came up with a sassy line-up of well-born Brits and Ivana Trump, wearing a navy pantsuit ("It's my new line"), her boyfriend Riccardo Mazzucchelli's flower-printed tie, and twin panda diamond pins from the days of The Donald. Her new line? "House of Ivana, I sold \$5 million on shopping television, that's \$70,000 a minute," she announced, with blonde beehive bobbing.

So ended 18 nonstop days of the European collections.



Left, Jean Muir's knitted panty sweater over chiffon skirt; above right, Rocha's midriff-baring knit and soft pants; Abe Hamilton's wheatheaf-patterned dress.

STYLE MAKERS

Cultural Flizz

YANESSA VAN ZUYLEN

PARIS — Vanessa van Zuylen is looking for a break, although her cause does not win her much sympathy. The Rive Gauche has other things to spend its pity on than a 25-year-old woman who has had it up to her with being endlessly and tediously identified as society defender Marie-Hélène de Rothschild's favored, privileged niece. Most, after all, would find it hard to say no.

Van Zuylen, whose father Teddy is the baroness's racehorse-breeding brother, is feeling her burden more acutely than ever these days as the founder and editor of the fizzy French cultural magazine "L'Insensé." "To me she's just Aunt Helen — why can't people simply leave the Rothschild thing alone?" asks van Zuylen. "It's easy for everyone to say it was my relatives' money that enabled me to do the magazine, but no one lent me a franc. Aunt Helen and I are very alike that way: when we want something, we go for it."

Van Zuylen is wearied enough by her blue bloodlines to nibble the hand that feeds her but not so foolish or reckless as to bite it. For she knows the value of family Filofaxes fluttering open to just the right page ("L" for Hollywood kingpin "Uncle" Swiftly, "S" for old country friend Yves) in getting the 12,000 copies of her revue — quarterly starting next year — on the newsstands. Van Zuylen's American mother Gabrielle even donated the room in her seventh arrondissement apartment out of which the first three issues of "L'Insensé" were produced.



Vanessa van Zuylen, right, and partner Elizabeth Nora.

botanical types more hungrily than the spring bulbs.

"L'Insensé" sounds familiar — the intimate and instant identification with its "haut monde" woman editor, the editorial atmosphere of an intellectual hothouse — that's because it is familiar. Fifteen years ago, Nicole Wisniak launched "Egoïste" with a recipe Paris wage are saying Van Zuylen may have helped herself to more generously than prudence, not to mention good breeding, would allow. "Not so," sniffs the accused. "Nicole is photo-driven; I am text-driven." Wisniak, who skates from chilly to glacial on this subject of upscale magazine wars, says, "I have known Vanessa since

she was 12 years old. She is a very nice girl. I like her very much. I have no opinion of 'L'Insensé.'"

Tante Hélène weighs in with the view that the magazine has "a lot of merit, a good mix." As for character traits shared with her ambitious niece, she is less sure. "I was much shier at her age. Vanessa stops at nothing." This quality often finds Van Zuylen engaged in youthful verbal sprints that leave her meaning ensnared at the crossroads of several bruised thoughts. As for 11th-hour deadlines, those are met with a careful diet of grapefruit juice, baguettes and twin "lights" — Philip Morris and Coca Cola.

Christopher Petkanas

NEW FALL WINTER COLLECTION ESCADA
 Paris left bank
 For orders
 FAX: (1) 42 84 24 15
 Big discounts on Summer
Marie-Martine
 8, rue de Sèvres,
 Paris 6th

The IHT Desk Diary - for the time of your life.

Half your life's story — or even more — is inscribed on the pages of your desk diary. Yet when you travel or go to meetings, most desk diaries are too cumbersome to take along.

That's why the International Herald Tribune — constantly alert to the needs of busy executives — had this desk diary especially designed for its readers. Bound in luxurious silk-grain black leather, it's perfect on your desk, offering all the noting space of any standard desk diary. Yet pick it up and you'll find it weighs a mere 340 grams (12 oz.).

No voluminous data and statistics are included in this diary, but on the other hand a removable address book saves hours of re-copying from year to year.

Please allow three weeks for delivery.



Personalized with gilt initials on the cover, it's an elegant gift for friends, business contacts and associates — and for yourself.

- Diary measures 22 x 15cm (8.5 x 6 in.), fits easily into the slimmest attaché case.
 - Padded black leather cover, with gilt metal corners.
 - French blue paper with gilded page edges.
 - Blue ribbon page marker.
 - Week-at-a-glance format with plenty of space for daily appointments.
 - With removable address book, neatly fitted in a blue silk pocket.
 - Corporate discounts and personalization are available.
- For details, fax Karen Diot at (33-1) 46 37 06 51.

INTERNATIONAL Herald Tribune

Please send me 1994 IHT Desk Diaries.

Price includes initials, packing and postage in Europe:

- 1- 4 diaries 312 F.F. (U.S.\$53) each
- 5- 9 diaries 295 F.F. (U.S.\$50) each
- 10-19 diaries 270 F.F. (U.S.\$46) each

Additional postage outside Europe (60 F.F. (U.S.\$10.50))

Check here for delivery outside Europe by registered or certified mail: 50 F.F. (U.S.\$8.60).

Payment is by credit card only. All major cards accepted. (Please note that French residents may pay by check in French francs. We regret that checks in other currencies cannot be accepted.)

Please charge to my credit card: 19-10-93

Access Amex Diners Eurocard MasterCard Visa

Card No. _____

Exp. _____ Signature _____

Name _____

Address _____

City/Code _____

Country _____

Company EEC VAT ID No. _____

Mail or fax this order form to: Karen Diot, Special Projects Division, 181 Ave. Ch.-de-Gaulle, 92521 Neuilly Cedex, France. Fax: (33-1) 46 37 06 51.

طبعة من الامم

010

HSBC Unit Told to Pay Damages

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches LONDON — The British Commercial Court on Monday ordered HSBC Holdings PLC to pay the liquidator of British & Commonwealth PLC damages that may be the largest ever in the history of British commercial insolvency.

TV for Kids Goes Global Programmers Pump 'Tween' Market

By Richard Covington Special to the Herald Tribune CANNES — As the children of Delhi brace for Bart Simpson and Turner International's Cartoon Network readies its invasion of Europe, children's media business opportunities of the decade.

Europe Bourses Surge as U.S. Funds Pile In

Compiled by Our Staff From Dispatches LONDON — Stock markets in Europe raced to record highs Monday as American fund managers extended a buying spree.



Very briefly: The EC Commission approved the creation of a joint venture between Knorr-Bresche AG of Germany and Allied-Signal Inc. of the United States in air brake systems.

EURO DISNEY: Sharp Cuts in Management Staff

Continued from Page 9 for the year ended Sept. 30 are expected by analysts to range beyond 1.5 billion francs (\$262 million) to as much as 2 billion francs.

MUSIC: Star's Suit Against Sony Opens in High Court

Continued from Page 9 copies, was six times what Mr. Michael himself had received. Mr. Cran cited documents provided by Sony to 1991 that put its net profit on each compact-disc recording at £2.45 (\$3.71), compared with Mr. Michael's bottom-line profit on CD sales of 37 pence.

Ford-Werke Expects Big Loss

Agence France-Press SPROCKHOEVEL, Germany — Ford-Werke AG, the carmaking unit of Ford Motor Co., expects to report a loss of more than 100 million Deutsche marks (\$62 million) this year, sources close to the company said Monday.

COMPANY RESULTS table with columns for Revenue, Profit, and Per Share for various companies like Primetec, NationsBank, Reynolds Metals, etc.

CURRENCY AND CAPITAL MARKET SERVICES advertisement for Currency Management Corporation PLC, featuring foreign exchange and gold services.

EDUCATION DIRECTORY advertisement for University of Maryland University College, offering degree programs and study abroad options.

The coming confrontation over GATT advertisement, discussing US intervention in Haiti and the overheated Chinese economy.

SEB table showing nine month consolidated sales for France, Germany, and other European countries.

Mezzanine Capital Corporation Limited advertisement, providing information on BDRs and capital repayment.

FRENCH 66 IN THE ARDENNES OR IN PROVENCE advertisement, promoting language courses and residential options.

Subscription form for the Herald Tribune, including fields for name, address, and payment details.

Herald Tribune advertisement for living in the U.S., now printed in New York, with contact information for subscriptions.

Depository and Principal Paying Agent advertisement for Chemical Bank (Guernsey) Limited, providing details on BDR holders.

SHAKESPEARE STUDIES IN FRANCE advertisement, offering intensive text study and performance courses for adults.

Herald Tribune advertisement at the bottom right, reiterating subscription information and contact details.

NYSE

Monday's Closing
Tables include the nationwide close up to the closing on Wall Street and do not reflect late trades elsewhere. Via The Associated Press

12 Month High	12 Month Low	Stock	Div	Yield	PE	High	Low	Last	Change
118 1/4	115 1/4	IBM	3.00	2.6%	11.5	118 1/4	115 1/4	118 1/4	+
102 1/4	100 1/4	Microsoft	0.00	0.0%	15.0	102 1/4	100 1/4	102 1/4	+
64 3/4	62 1/4	Apple	0.00	0.0%	12.0	64 3/4	62 1/4	64 3/4	+
45 3/4	44 1/4	Oracle	0.00	0.0%	10.0	45 3/4	44 1/4	45 3/4	+
35 3/4	34 1/4	Novartis	0.50	1.4%	12.0	35 3/4	34 1/4	35 3/4	+

12 Month High	12 Month Low	Stock	Div	Yield	PE	High	Low	Last	Change
118 1/4	115 1/4	IBM	3.00	2.6%	11.5	118 1/4	115 1/4	118 1/4	+
102 1/4	100 1/4	Microsoft	0.00	0.0%	15.0	102 1/4	100 1/4	102 1/4	+
64 3/4	62 1/4	Apple	0.00	0.0%	12.0	64 3/4	62 1/4	64 3/4	+
45 3/4	44 1/4	Oracle	0.00	0.0%	10.0	45 3/4	44 1/4	45 3/4	+
35 3/4	34 1/4	Novartis	0.50	1.4%	12.0	35 3/4	34 1/4	35 3/4	+

12 Month High	12 Month Low	Stock	Div	Yield	PE	High	Low	Last	Change
118 1/4	115 1/4	IBM	3.00	2.6%	11.5	118 1/4	115 1/4	118 1/4	+
102 1/4	100 1/4	Microsoft	0.00	0.0%	15.0	102 1/4	100 1/4	102 1/4	+
64 3/4	62 1/4	Apple	0.00	0.0%	12.0	64 3/4	62 1/4	64 3/4	+
45 3/4	44 1/4	Oracle	0.00	0.0%	10.0	45 3/4	44 1/4	45 3/4	+
35 3/4	34 1/4	Novartis	0.50	1.4%	12.0	35 3/4	34 1/4	35 3/4	+

12 Month High	12 Month Low	Stock	Div	Yield	PE	High	Low	Last	Change
118 1/4	115 1/4	IBM	3.00	2.6%	11.5	118 1/4	115 1/4	118 1/4	+
102 1/4	100 1/4	Microsoft	0.00	0.0%	15.0	102 1/4	100 1/4	102 1/4	+
64 3/4	62 1/4	Apple	0.00	0.0%	12.0	64 3/4	62 1/4	64 3/4	+
45 3/4	44 1/4	Oracle	0.00	0.0%	10.0	45 3/4	44 1/4	45 3/4	+
35 3/4	34 1/4	Novartis	0.50	1.4%	12.0	35 3/4	34 1/4	35 3/4	+

12 Month High	12 Month Low	Stock	Div	Yield	PE	High	Low	Last	Change
118 1/4	115 1/4	IBM	3.00	2.6%	11.5	118 1/4	115 1/4	118 1/4	+
102 1/4	100 1/4	Microsoft	0.00	0.0%	15.0	102 1/4	100 1/4	102 1/4	+
64 3/4	62 1/4	Apple	0.00	0.0%	12.0	64 3/4	62 1/4	64 3/4	+
45 3/4	44 1/4	Oracle	0.00	0.0%	10.0	45 3/4	44 1/4	45 3/4	+
35 3/4	34 1/4	Novartis	0.50	1.4%	12.0	35 3/4	34 1/4	35 3/4	+

12 Month High	12 Month Low	Stock	Div	Yield	PE	High	Low	Last	Change
118 1/4	115 1/4	IBM	3.00	2.6%	11.5	118 1/4	115 1/4	118 1/4	+
102 1/4	100 1/4	Microsoft	0.00	0.0%	15.0	102 1/4	100 1/4	102 1/4	+
64 3/4	62 1/4	Apple	0.00	0.0%	12.0	64 3/4	62 1/4	64 3/4	+
45 3/4	44 1/4	Oracle	0.00	0.0%	10.0	45 3/4	44 1/4	45 3/4	+
35 3/4	34 1/4	Novartis	0.50	1.4%	12.0	35 3/4	34 1/4	35 3/4	+

12 Month High	12 Month Low	Stock	Div	Yield	PE	High	Low	Last	Change
118 1/4	115 1/4	IBM	3.00	2.6%	11.5	118 1/4	115 1/4	118 1/4	+
102 1/4	100 1/4	Microsoft	0.00	0.0%	15.0	102 1/4	100 1/4	102 1/4	+
64 3/4	62 1/4	Apple	0.00	0.0%	12.0	64 3/4	62 1/4	64 3/4	+
45 3/4	44 1/4	Oracle	0.00	0.0%	10.0	45 3/4	44 1/4	45 3/4	+
35 3/4	34 1/4	Novartis	0.50	1.4%	12.0	35 3/4	34 1/4	35 3/4	+

A DISTINGUISHED ADDRESS
Not to be confused with the next-best address



One of the most important decisions for your assets is your choice of bank. We are specialized in asset management. Our services are universally tailored to clients' personal needs. We have made this wealth of experience our calling. So it is easy to see that not any bank will do. Please call Mr Sergio Verardi, Tel. +411 283 7892, for more information.

BANK VONTOBEL
Zürich

Bank von Tobel & Co. Ltd., Bahnhofstrasse 1, CH-8002 Zurich, Tel. +41 1 283 71 11
Other companies of the Von Tobel Group: Switzerland Ltd. for New York, Von Tobel Asset Management AG, Zurich, Dreyfus de Wattenville & Co SA, Geneva, Von Tobel BC Consulting IS-Ming AG, Zurich, Dreyfus, Metzler, Pöpp, London, Estrée.

سكيبان الجليل

010

NYSE

Monday's Closing Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street and do not reflect intra-trade elsewhere. Via The Associated Press (Continued)

Multiple columns of stock market data including NYSE, AMEX, and OTC listings with columns for High, Low, Last, and Change.

ADVERTISEMENT

INTERNATIONAL FUNDS

Oct. 18, 1993

Quotations supplied by fund lists, and asset values are supplied by the Funds listed with the exception of some quotes based on prices. The marginal symbols indicate frequency of quotations supplied: (D) daily; (W) weekly; (M) monthly; (Q) quarterly; (S) semi-annually; (Y) yearly.

Main table of international fund listings with columns for fund name, share price, and other details. Includes sections for EUROPEAN FUNDS LIMITED, AMERICAN FUNDS, and various international equity and bond funds.

TO OUR READERS IN BERLIN You can now receive the IHT hand delivered to your home or office every morning on the day of publication. Just call us toll free at 0130 84 85 85

For information on how to list your fund, fax Simon OSBORN at (33-1) 46 37 21 33.

NASDAQ

Monday's Prices
NASDAQ price as of 4 p.m. New York time. This list compiled by the AP, consists of the 1,000 most traded securities in terms of dollar value. It is updated twice a year.

12 Month High	Low	Stock	Div	Yld	PE	52	High	Low	Last	Change
120	90	IBM Corp	3.90	3.50	10	280	105	100	102	+2
140	120	Microsoft Corp	0.00	0.00	15	150	135	130	135	+5
160	140	Intel Corp	0.00	0.00	18	160	145	140	145	+5
180	160	Northern Telecom	0.00	0.00	25	180	165	160	165	+5

12 Month High	Low	Stock	Div	Yld	PE	52	High	Low	Last	Change
120	100	AT&T Worldcom	0.00	0.00	15	120	105	100	105	+5
140	120	Verizon	0.00	0.00	18	140	125	120	125	+5
160	140	Sprint	0.00	0.00	20	160	145	140	145	+5
180	160	WorldCom	0.00	0.00	25	180	165	160	165	+5

12 Month High	Low	Stock	Div	Yld	PE	52	High	Low	Last	Change
120	100	3M Corp	0.00	0.00	15	120	105	100	105	+5
140	120	Honeywell	0.00	0.00	18	140	125	120	125	+5
160	140	Eastman Kodak	0.00	0.00	20	160	145	140	145	+5
180	160	Cummins	0.00	0.00	25	180	165	160	165	+5

12 Month High	Low	Stock	Div	Yld	PE	52	High	Low	Last	Change
120	100	Boeing	0.00	0.00	15	120	105	100	105	+5
140	120	Lockheed Martin	0.00	0.00	18	140	125	120	125	+5
160	140	Northrop Grumman	0.00	0.00	20	160	145	140	145	+5
180	160	Raytheon	0.00	0.00	25	180	165	160	165	+5

12 Month High	Low	Stock	Div	Yld	PE	52	High	Low	Last	Change
120	100	General Electric	0.00	0.00	15	120	105	100	105	+5
140	120	Westinghouse	0.00	0.00	18	140	125	120	125	+5
160	140	Johnson & Johnson	0.00	0.00	20	160	145	140	145	+5
180	160	Pfizer	0.00	0.00	25	180	165	160	165	+5

12 Month High	Low	Stock	Div	Yld	PE	52	High	Low	Last	Change
120	100	PepsiCo	0.00	0.00	15	120	105	100	105	+5
140	120	Coca-Cola	0.00	0.00	18	140	125	120	125	+5
160	140	Walmart	0.00	0.00	20	160	145	140	145	+5
180	160	Home Depot	0.00	0.00	25	180	165	160	165	+5

AMEX

Monday's Closing
Tables include the nationwide prices up to the closing on Wall Street and do not reflect late trades elsewhere. Via The Associated Press

12 Month High	Low	Stock	Div	Yld	PE	52	High	Low	Last	Change
120	100	AT&T Worldcom	0.00	0.00	15	120	105	100	105	+5
140	120	Verizon	0.00	0.00	18	140	125	120	125	+5
160	140	Sprint	0.00	0.00	20	160	145	140	145	+5
180	160	WorldCom	0.00	0.00	25	180	165	160	165	+5

12 Month High	Low	Stock	Div	Yld	PE	52	High	Low	Last	Change
120	100	3M Corp	0.00	0.00	15	120	105	100	105	+5
140	120	Honeywell	0.00	0.00	18	140	125	120	125	+5
160	140	Eastman Kodak	0.00	0.00	20	160	145	140	145	+5
180	160	Cummins	0.00	0.00	25	180	165	160	165	+5

12 Month High	Low	Stock	Div	Yld	PE	52	High	Low	Last	Change
120	100	Boeing	0.00	0.00	15	120	105	100	105	+5
140	120	Lockheed Martin	0.00	0.00	18	140	125	120	125	+5
160	140	Northrop Grumman	0.00	0.00	20	160	145	140	145	+5
180	160	Raytheon	0.00	0.00	25	180	165	160	165	+5

12 Month High	Low	Stock	Div	Yld	PE	52	High	Low	Last	Change
120	100	General Electric	0.00	0.00	15	120	105	100	105	+5
140	120	Westinghouse	0.00	0.00	18	140	125	120	125	+5
160	140	Johnson & Johnson	0.00	0.00	20	160	145	140	145	+5
180	160	Pfizer	0.00	0.00	25	180	165	160	165	+5

12 Month High	Low	Stock	Div	Yld	PE	52	High	Low	Last	Change
120	100	PepsiCo	0.00	0.00	15	120	105	100	105	+5
140	120	Coca-Cola	0.00	0.00	18	140	125	120	125	+5
160	140	Walmart	0.00	0.00	20	160	145	140	145	+5
180	160	Home Depot	0.00	0.00	25	180	165	160	165	+5

12 Month High	Low	Stock	Div	Yld	PE	52	High	Low	Last	Change
120	100	AT&T Worldcom	0.00	0.00	15	120	105	100	105	+5
140	120	Verizon	0.00	0.00	18	140	125	120	125	+5
160	140	Sprint	0.00	0.00	20	160	145	140	145	+5
180	160	WorldCom	0.00	0.00	25	180	165	160	165	+5

Notes: Hours are unofficial. Yearly high and low reflect the previous 52 weeks plus the current week, but not the trading day. Where a split or stock wave, but not the dividend or more than one dividend, the high and low prices shown are for the new stock only. Underlined prices in the last column are manual disturbances based on the latest declaration.
- Dividend also entered.
- Dividend rate of dividend plus stock dividend.
- Dividend declared.
- Dividend declared or paid in arrears 12 months.
- Dividend declared or paid in arrears 24 months.
- Dividend declared or paid in arrears 36 months.
- Dividend declared or paid in arrears 48 months.
- Dividend declared or paid in arrears 60 months.
- Dividend declared or paid in arrears 72 months.
- Dividend declared or paid in arrears 84 months.
- Dividend declared or paid in arrears 96 months.
- Dividend declared or paid in arrears 108 months.
- Dividend declared or paid in arrears 120 months.

شركة من الامم

Media E
Fund Short

Hang Seng

ARS: Strong

COM

Pro

Published by International
181 Avenue Liberty

SPORTS



Roberto Alomar, put out at third by Dave Hollins on a throw from Mitch Williams, ended the eighth with the gaffe of the series thus far.

Series Moves South, Even at 1-1, As Gritty Phillies Pound Stewart

By Mark Maske
Washington Post Service
TORONTO — The Philadelphia Phillies headed home Monday, still gritty in uniform and still true grit in spirit, still persevering and with a 1-1 tie in the World Series.

Phillies 6, Blue Jays 4

Box score table showing game statistics for Phillies and Blue Jays, including runs, hits, errors, and individual player stats.



Jim Eisenreich hitting his three-run homer in the third inning.

Homer Caps Eisenreich's Long Comeback

By Jack Curry
New York Times Service
TORONTO — The cruel imitations do not bother Jim Eisenreich anymore. The mean-spirited speculators who know he has Tourette's syndrome and try to unnerve him by contorting their faces and screaming as sometimes does a person with the disease are wasting their energy, Eisenreich has heard it, seen it and conquered it.

He is in January as a free agent and had the finest season of his 10-year career with a .318 batting average, seven homers, 54 runs batted in and no errors in 114 games.

INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFIED

A large classified advertisement section containing various international services such as relocation, legal services, real estate, business premises, and education. It includes sub-sections like 'MOVING', 'LEGAL SERVICES', 'REAL ESTATE TO RENT/SHARE', 'BUSINESS PREMISES', 'OFFSHORE COMPANIES', 'REAL ESTATE FOR SALE', 'AGENCIAMENTS', 'LE CLARIDGE', 'Embassy Service', 'BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES', 'OFFSHORE BANKS', 'BUSINESS SERVICES', 'GENEVA SWITZERLAND', 'KALLBACK DIRECT', 'BUSINESS ADVISORY SERVICES S.A.', 'ESCORTS & GUIDES', 'INTERNATIONAL ESCORTS', 'MISS GENEVA', 'LONDON BRAZILIAN SERVICE', 'PARIS & LONDON', 'VIENNA PARIS ZURICH', 'ITALY PARIS COTE D'AZUR', 'JAPANESE CHINESE THAI', 'LONDON PARIS ESCORT SERVICE AND TRAVEL', 'ZURICH GINA', 'MADRID', 'TOKYO', 'MORRISON CLUB - VIENNA ESCORT SERVICE', 'LONDON', 'GENEVA', 'PARIS', 'ZURICH', 'DOMINA LADY JANE', 'GENEVA', 'INTERNATIONAL'.

Advertisement for 'Herald Tribune' featuring the headline 'PLANNING TO RUN A CLASSIFIED AD?' and details about advertising rates and services.

Advertisement for 'AGS' (American Global Services) featuring the headline 'MOVING' and details about international relocation services.

Advertisement for 'EDUCATION DIRECTORY' featuring the headline 'Today's EDUCATION DIRECTORY' and details about educational services and positions available.

ART BUCHWALD

The Merger Frenzy

WASHINGTON — Lance Hafferman is a merger specialist for Afghan, Labrador and Boxer, and he keeps me informed about all the mergers now taking place on Wall Street.



Buchwald

"What is causing it all?" "Entertainment. Everyone wants a piece of show business because as more workers in the country are laid off, there will be more people watching television. In a few years every person will have access to 500 channels and nobody will be able to leave the house."

A Reprieve, Then Axe For 'City of Angels'

LONDON — The American musical "City of Angels," which won a reprieve after an astonishing box-office turnaround in July, is to close next month. The show, the latest musical casualty of the recession in London's theaters, is now losing an estimated £20,000 (\$30,000) a week and will close on Nov. 13.

er talk directly to each other—they will leave messages on each other's voice mail. There's not enough money in phones any more even though they charge \$75 for the first 10 minutes to fix one. But you can make a bundle in cable TV because once the market is sewn up, you can charge anything you want to as long as you give the subscriber a weather channel.

"I notice that Paramount was about to be bought by Viacom. Now Barry Diller of the QVC shopping channel has raised the bid and, instead of Paramount exchanging dead dogs for dead cats, the stockholders are being offered cash by an unfriendly suitor. Was that a dumb move on Paramount's part?"

"There is a rumor that the telephone company wants to buy Coca-Cola. Any truth to it?" "The story is all over Wall Street. It appears that one of their engineers has invented a way of sending Coke through the phone system so that it will pour out of the mouthpiece when a person pushes 3 on his phone. If that's true, sales of Coke will triple."

The Fastest Gun in True Crime Books

By David Streitfeld

NEW YORK — Charles Spicer spends more time contemplating murder than anyone this side of a professional hit man. Energetic and engaging, the St. Martin's Press editor has carved out a unique specialty: Others may publish better true-crime books, but no one publishes them faster.

Three months ago, Spicer was reading The New York Times at his Upper West Side subway station. Splashed across the front page was a story about part-time landscaper and full-time loser Joel Rifkin, stopped by police early the previous morning for a routine traffic violation. In the back of Rifkin's pickup was a decomposing body, one of more than a dozen prostitutes he promptly confessed to killing.

"Here we go again," thought Spicer. He had just finished rushing a true-crime book about David Koresb to publication, and he was tired. "I figured I'd have a little breathing space until the next one came along." He laughs good-naturedly. "But crime waits for no man."

Neither does the 38-year-old Spicer. When he got to the office that day, he called Maria Efthymiades, who covers Long Island for People magazine. She had already written two instant books for Spicer in the past year: "Lethal Lolita" (about the teenage prostitute and wife-shooter Amy Fisher) and "My Name Is Katherine" (the sad story of Katie Beers, the little girl who was kept in an underground dungeon). She had seven weeks to write the former; four weeks, with a co-writer, for the latter.

This time Efthymiades had to do it all alone in four. "I'll tell you a secret," she says. "It's not that hard." There were two weeks of research, two of writing, accompanied by cases of Diet Pepsi and cartons of junk food. "Not a healthy scene," she confesses.

Efthymiades handed in the manuscript Aug. 2, several hours late. Spicer did the editing within 24 hours, she did a bit of rewrite, the lawyers did their bit, it went into production. By Sept. 7, 150,000 copies of "Garden of Graves: The Shocking True Story of Long Island Serial Killer Joel Rifkin" were being shipped to supermarkets and malls around the United States.

Spicer's office in the Flatiron Building resembles a cell: small, with narrow windows and purely functional decor. Evian water is on the desk, a Matisse poster on the wall. He talks very fast, glasses bobbing on his round face. Rifkin is already history. Spicer's combing the pages of the paper, looking for his next killer.

"I regret not having gotten someone to do the Menendez brothers," he says, referring to the two young men in Los Angeles on trial for murdering their parents. "It has the making of a good story, a terrific story. Here was this family that epitomized success. The father was a Cuban refugee who had made a huge amount of money and had two stunningly handsome sons. But if we're to believe the defendants, behind the facade he was committing unimaginable acts."

It's too late for the brothers, however. The trial is already taking place, so a book writer would have to be already at work to capitalize properly on the cresting media attention. It's practically a science, deciding when to devote a book to which killer. Screw it up and the book will languish on the shelves. Screw it up too often and you're fired.



Editor Charles Spicer, who specializes in "instant" books: "Crime waits for no man."

qualities: "Not only is he very savvy, but he's the most decisive editor I deal with. That gives him an edge." A certain zest for the material helps as well. "There's this book I'm doing about two twins," Spicer says, talking fast, smiling wickedly. "I loved it because it was Southern and Gothic and steamy. One twin was married to a rich guy, and she basically got her sister to help her kill her husband. My pitch is, if Scarlett O'Hara had a twin, and they were both psychopaths..."

Yet quiz him closely, and he points out that he also edits fiction and biographies with nary a murder in them. True, crime is not a way of life for him, he insists; it's just a job. All this talk of murder may sound callous. True, it's calculations based on the sufferings of others. But Spicer at least makes an effort not to wallow in this stuff.

"Garden of Graves" is relatively tasteful, or at least as tasteful as you can get when writing about a serial killer. Furthermore, Efthymiades went to great lengths to write about the sad lives of the victims. She doesn't dwell on the dismemberment process.

Tales of true crime have been popular ever since the Book of Genesis reported how Cain rose up against his brother Abel, and slew him." Spicer explains the subject's continuing appeal by dividing it into two categories: glamour and gut.

"With glamour," he says, "you have stories like the gorgeous Maryland debutante who arranged to have her much-traveled, very well-to-do parents murdered, or the New York socialite who convinced her son to murder her father, his grandfather, for money. People are curious about the rich, and these books give them access."

Another, less wholesome reason for glamour's appeal: People like to see the rich humbled. The moral that wealth doesn't bring happiness is eternally popular.

Gut, on the other hand, is where most of the instants come in. It's primal horror, like a husband shooting his pregnant wife and then wounding himself to make himself look like a victim (the Charles Stuart case, the subject of one of Spicer's instants) or a young woman making her teenage lover kill her husband (the Pam Smart case, another instant). Maladjusted young men who turn their homes into slaughterhouses are prime gut (in addition to Rifkin, there have been instants on Jeffrey Dahmer and Gary Heidark, the Philadelphia cannibal who kept women chained in his basement).

Glamour and gut have this in common: Somewhere in the tale, there's a dead body. "I get a lot of proposals for books that don't involve murder, and I'm really not that interested. They're about bliking someone out of money, kidnapping, fraud or, the one I happen to hate, art theft. That really puts me to sleep."

Murder wakes him up. It puts an ending on the story, gives it the sense of an ultimate. Kidnapping someone is pretty bad, but it's still one step removed from the Worst.

So the tale of Harvey Weinstein, the New York apparel magnate buried alive for 12 days last month, won't soon be a St. Martin's bestseller.

"It's a fascinating magazine story, a moving, moving story, but not enough to translate into a book."

"What if he had been killed?" "Probably more likely, I hate to say."

PEOPLE

Mr. Blackwell Names Some Jurassic Dressers

Mr. Blackwell's annual verdict on dressing habits: TV talk show hostess Sally Raphael "continues her reign as the Queen of Jurassic Park in fossilized fashion only a color-blind brontosaurus could love" but Faye Dunaway "is sleek without being studied, trendy without being tacky, and glamorous without being gaudy."

A casualty in the late-night wars: After six weeks on the air and ratings firmly fixed in the basement, Cheryl Chase's late night talk show was dumped by Fox Broadcasting in New York.

It seems there's been this terrible misunderstanding about the first lady and peas. The truth is that Hillary Rodham Clinton is "nuts" about the little green things, says a Clinton spokesman, and doesn't want the American public to think anything else. "Mrs. Clinton is sorry that a conversation in the nest at 'Sesame Street' was taken out of context," said Neal Lattimore. Last Thursday, while taping a segment for the season opener of "Sesame" in New York, the First Lady substituted apples for green peas in her script about healthy eating, saying that few people liked peas.

"Germinal," a multimillion-franchise film based on the novel by Emile Zola, has been chosen to represent France for nomination at the next Oscars, director Claude Berri said.

INTERNATIONAL CLASSIFIED Appears on Pages 11 & 17

WEATHER

Weather forecast for Wednesday through Friday, as provided by Accu-Weather. Includes maps of North America, Europe, and Asia with temperature and precipitation data for various cities.

CROSSWORD

Crossword puzzle grid with clues for Across and Down. Includes a solution to the puzzle of Oct. 18.

"I wonder if the little guy had fun today?"



Sharing the day's events with loved ones back in the States has never been easier. Whenever you're away, simply dial the AT&T access number of the country you're calling from and an English-speaking AT&T operator or voice prompt will put you through in seconds.

Table of AT&T Access Numbers for various countries, including Andorra, Armenia, Austria, Bahrain, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cape Verde Islands, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Rep., Denmark, Egypt, Ethiopia, Finland, France, Gabon, Gambia, Germany, Ghana, Guatemala, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Ivory Coast, Jamaica, Jordan, Kuwait, Lebanon, Liberia, Liechtenstein, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Macedonia, Maldives, Malta, Monaco, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Russia, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Slovakia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Taiwan, Thailand, Turkey, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom, USA, USSR, Venezuela, and Zimbabwe.

كندا من الأصل